

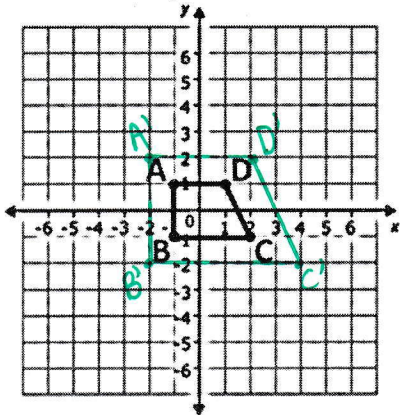
1.9 Dilations with Different Centers

Geometry

Directions: Perform the dilation given the scale factor and center of dilation.

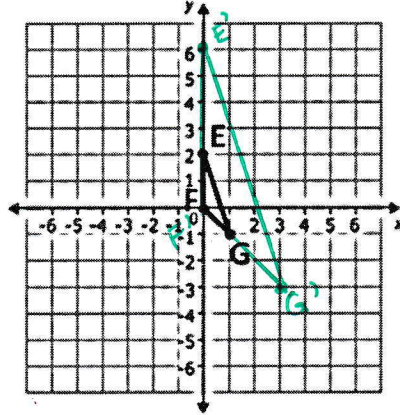
1) Scale Factor: 2

Center: Origin



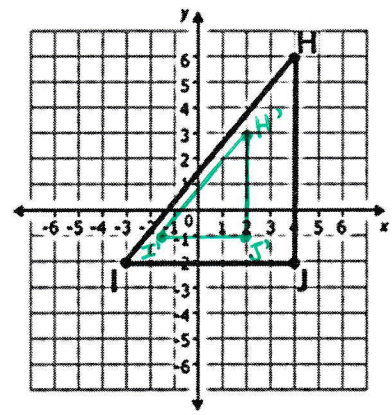
2) Scale Factor: 3

Center: Origin



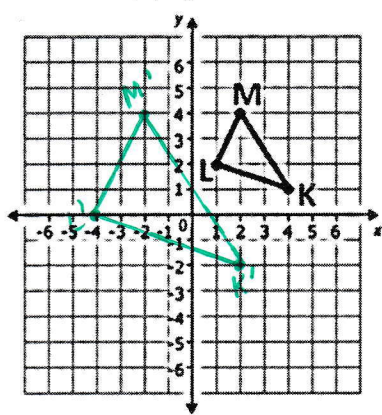
3) Scale Factor: $\frac{1}{2}$

Center: Origin



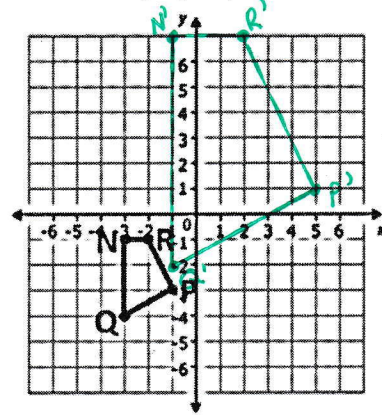
4) Scale Factor: 2

Center: (6, 4)



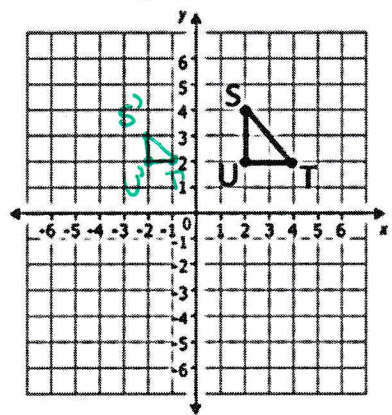
5) Scale Factor: 3

Center: (-4, -5)



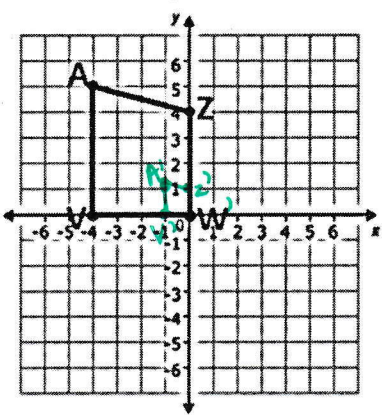
6) Scale Factor: $\frac{1}{2}$

Center: (-6, 2)



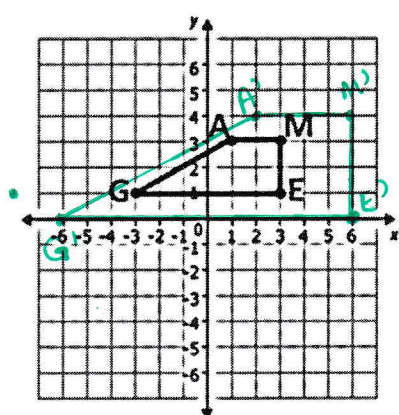
7) Scale Factor: $\frac{1}{4}$

Center: Origin



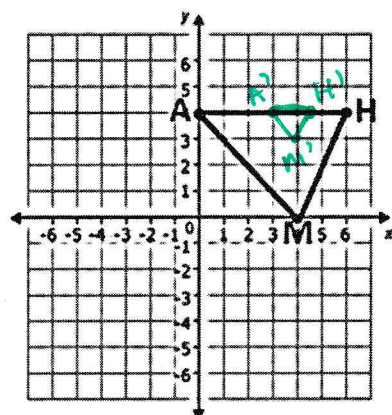
8) Scale Factor: 2

Center: (0, 2)

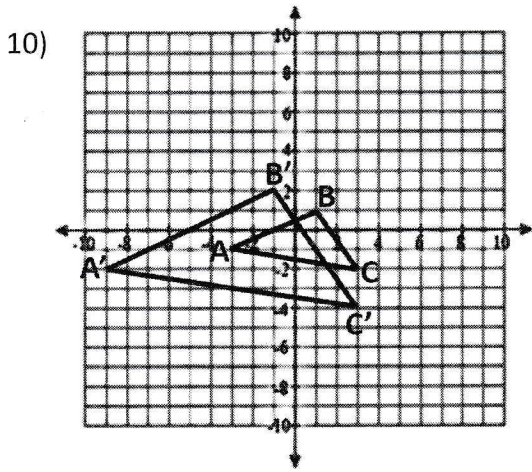


9) Scale Factor: $\frac{1}{4}$

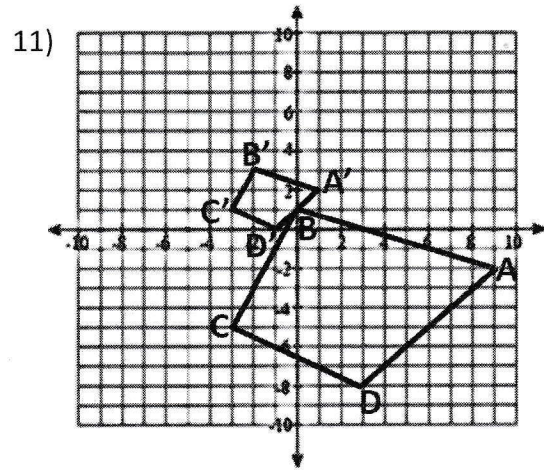
Center: (4, 4)



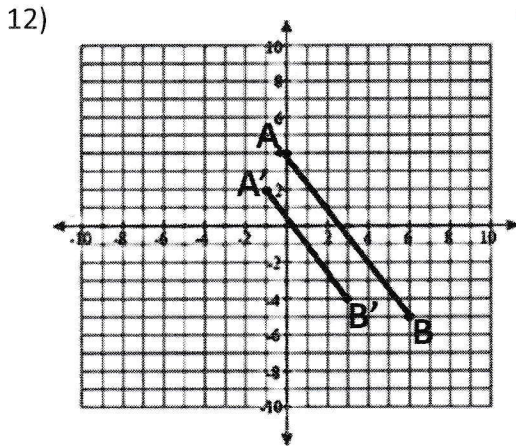
Directions: Identify the scale factor and the center of dilation.



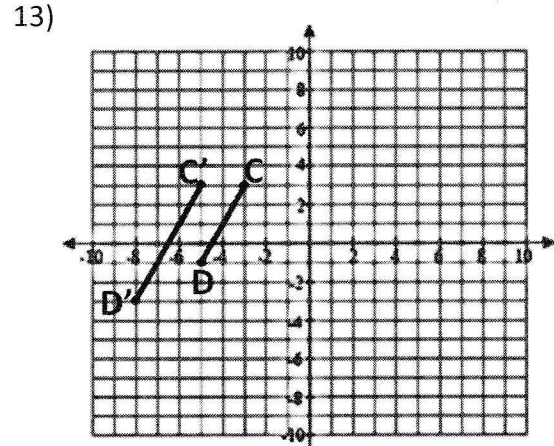
Center of Dilation: (3, 0) Scale Factor: 2



Center of Dilation: (-3, 4) Scale Factor: $\frac{1}{3}$



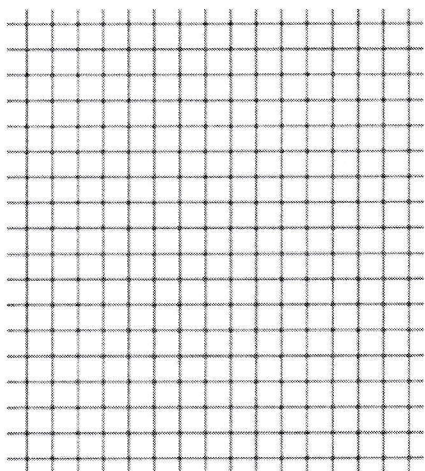
Center of Dilation: (-3, -2) Scale Factor: $\frac{2}{3}$



Center of Dilation: (1, 3) Scale Factor: $\frac{3}{2}$

Directions: Solve each problem.

14) $M(-8, 4)$ is dilated about $(-4, 5)$ to produce $M'(-12, 3)$. What is the ordered pair that will represent J' using this same dilation if Point J is located at $(-4, 2)$? dil by 2



$J'(-4, -1)$

15) $Q(5, -1)$ is transformed by a horizontal stretch by a scale factor of 3 about a center of $(1, 4)$. What is Q' ? $Q'(13, -1)$

