1.4 Reflections Over y = x, y = –x, y = #, & x = # **Geometry**

Directions: Write the rule of the transformation. (This is a mixed review).

1) A line segment is reflected over y = –x

2) A line segment is translated 5 units left & 1 unit up.

3) A triangle is reflected over x = 0.

4) A triangle is reflected over y = x.

Directions: Describe the transformation. (This is a mixed review).

5) (x, y) → ‘(y, x)

6) (x, y) → ‘(x – 2, y)

7) (x, y) → ‘(–x, y)

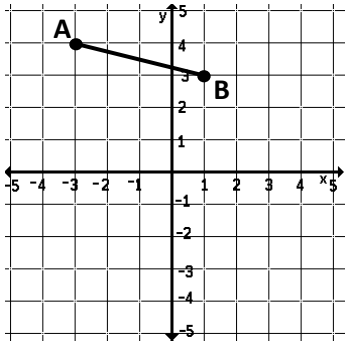
8) (x, y) → ‘(x + 3, y – 1)

*9) (x, y) → ‘‘(–x, –y)

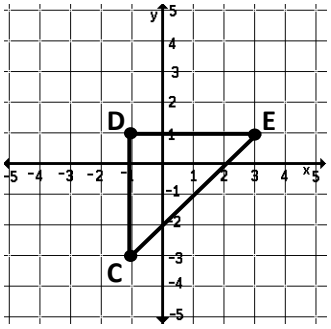
10) (x, y) → ‘(–y, –x)

Directions: Complete the transformation of the new image.

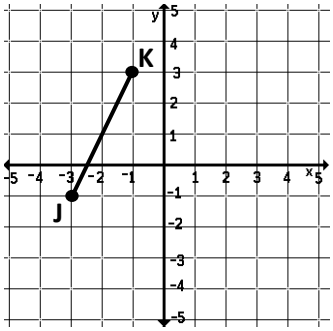
11) AB(x, y) → A’B’(–y, –x)



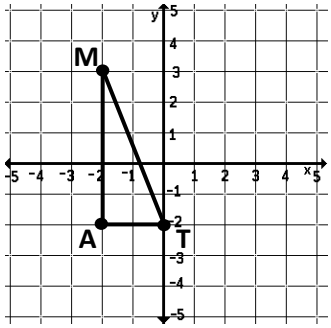
12) CDE (x, y) → C’D’E’ (y, x)



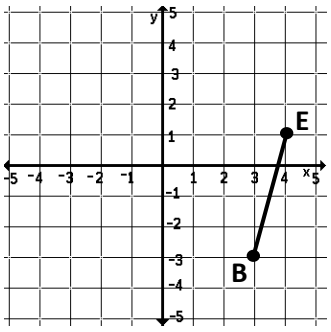
13) JK(x, y) → J’’K’’(–x, –y)



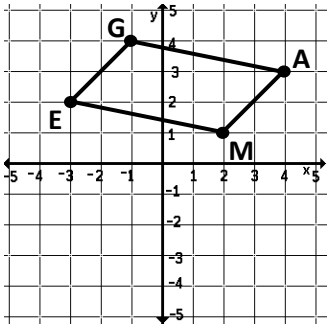
14) Reflect over x = 1.



15) Reflect over x = 2.



16) Reflect over y = 1.

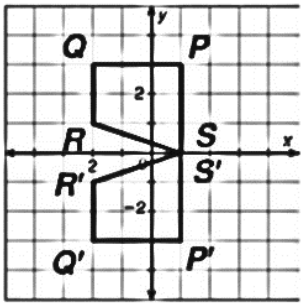


Directions: Find the equation of the line of reflection.

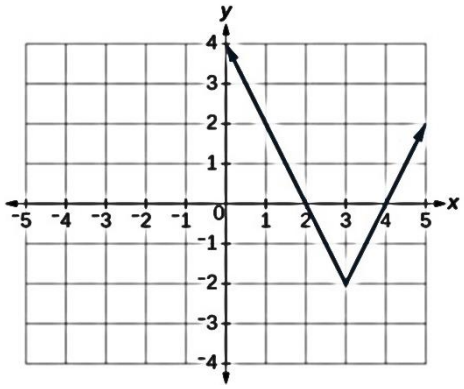
17) A(4, 7)→A'(4, –3) & B(0, 3)→B'(0, –7)

18) Pre-Image: (3, –5) & Image: (5, –3)

19)

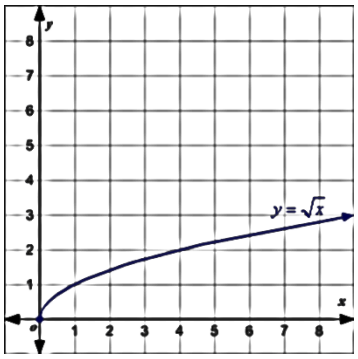


20)



Directions: Solve each problem.

21) In the graph, the function is reflected over the x-axis and then over the y-axis. If Point A is located at the coordinate (4, 2), what is A''?



22) In a sequence of transformations, A(3, –1) transforms to A''(1, 3) using reflections only. Describe a possible sequence of transformations for this pre-image and image coordinate.

23) In the pre-image (m, n), m and n are both natural numbers. If the pre-image is reflected over y = x, in what quadrant will the image be located?

24) G'(4, –2) was produced after a reflection over y = –x. What is the ordered pair of the pre-image?